



## State Generation Development and Small Clean Energy Resources

By Syed Mohd Fauzi Shahab Director of Electricity Supply Ministry of Public Utilities Sarawak

#### International Energy Regulatory Forum:

#### **Effective Regulation for a Sustainable Energy Industry**

October 11<sup>th</sup>, 2011, JW Marriot Hotel, Kuala Lumpur



# **Presentation Outline**

• State Power Development Policy

- Power Sectors Development
- Small Renewable Energy Resources

# **State Power Development Policy**

• Ensuring availability of adequate, reliable, efficient, affordable and safe supply of electricity in the State which is managed in a sustainable manner ..con't

- Optimal and sustainable development of the power requirements
  - generation mix will be less dependent on fossil fuels especially oil and gas.
- Utilize indigenous hydro and coal resources
  - to meet future electricity demand to ensure long term competitive pricing and energy security.

# ....con't

- Development of hydro resources for trading of excess electricity beyond Sarawak
- Encourage small renewable energy development such as biomass, biogas, municipal wastes, wind, solar and minihydro as the fifth fuel resources under the nation's Fuel Diversification Policy

# **Power Sectors Development**

- Next two to three decades, rapid power demand growth due to
  - increased scale and pace of industrialization,
  - increased economic activities, and
  - higher living standards of population.
- Hydro and coal indigeneous resources will have an increasing role and opportunity as an energy provider.

### ...Con't

- Sarawak has huge geographical areas of rugged terrain and very low population density.
- Presently no transmission interconnection outside Sarawak.
- Electricity supply coverage has reached 82% of the total population of which rural population coverage is 64%.

## **POWER DEMAND SECTORS**

- •Power demands identified to grow rapidly are;
  - Normal (organic) load in Sarawak.
  - Energy-intensive industries in Sarawak (SCORE).
  - Power export to neighbouring countries.
- •Major drivers of State's power system development plan.

**Salient Features of Development Plan** The main elements of the plan:

- A 30-year strategic development plan
- Integrated and least-cost development of hydro as primary and coal as secondary energy resources for power generation
- Achieved a balanced generation mix of 70% hydro, 20% coal, 5% gas and 5% renewables.
- Coordinated development of transmission infrastructure in tandem with hydropower projects development.

### Projected Load Demand in Sarawak between 2010-2020

Demand in MW	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Organic loads	991	1050	1113	1180	1251	1326	1406	1490	1580	1674	1775
% contribution	92%	77%	58%	42%	36%	32%	33%	30%	32%	33%	34%
Energy Intensive & Export	90	307	807	1637	2217	2817	2817	3417	3417	3417	3417
% contribution	8%	23%	42%	58%	64%	68%	67%	70%	68%	67%	66%
Total load demand	1081	1357.5	1920	2817	3468	4143	4223	4907	4997	5091	5192
Installed Capacity in MW	1250	1850	3752	4570	4570	5170	5170	5720	6024	7024	7294
Reserve Margins (%)	14%	27%	49%	38%	24%	20%	18%	14%	17%	28%	29%

## Installation Capacity by Fuel Source (% of total)

YEAR	2008	2010	2012	2015	2020
Coal	24%	38%	16%	21%	18%
Gas	54%	46%	19%	11%	5%
Hydro	12%	9%	62%	66%	74%
Diesel	10%	7%	3%	1%	0%
Small					
Renewable	0%	0%	0%	1%	3%







D/S View of Murum Main Dam



# Bakun HEP

# Small Clean (Renewable) Energy Resources

## MAIN SMALL RENEWABLE RESOURCES

- BIOMASS
  - OIL PALM EFB (~800,000 HECTARE OF OIL-PALM)
  - WOODWASTES
- BIOGAS
  - WASTES FROM INTEGRATED ANIMAL FARM
  - PALM OIL MILL EFFLUENCE (POME)
- SOLAR
- WIND
- MINI HIDROS

# ENABLERS TO ENCOURAGE

- ENCOURAGED, NOT IMPOSED :
  - SMALL RENEWABLE vs LARGE RENEWABLE HYDROS
  - GENERATION MIX SUBSIDIZED GAS AND DIESEL NOT PREDOMINANT
  - COMPARATIVELY SMALL INSTALLED SYSTEMS (1850 MW) CANNOT DRIVE SMALL RENEWABLE RESOURCES.
  - PRICE STABILITY OF ENERGY.
  - COMMERCIAL DRIVEN
  - LICENSEE WILLINGNESS TO PURCHASE
- ENABLERS IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS:
  - REGULATORY
  - TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS
  - PROCEDURAL

## **ENABLERS - REGULATORY**

- GENERATING LICENCE IF EXCEEDING 5kW.
  - FOR SOLAR OR WIND WITHOUT BATTERY STORAGE, NO LICENCE NEEDED IF NOT EXCEEDING 10 kW.
  - IN COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS OR ABOVE 10 kWp, LICENCING REQUIRED:
    - SUBMISSION OF MAINTENANCE RECORD.
    - REGULATE ON THE SAFETY OF THE INSTALLATION AFTER METER POINT.

# ENABLER : TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

- LICENSEE POLICY ON SMALL RENEWABLE
  - 4% OF 2009 GRID CAPACITY (~1000MW)
- INTRODUCED NET-METERING DESIGN STANDARD FOR BIPV
  - LICENCEE (SESCO) BILL ON NET ENERGY USED
- INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR BIOMASS PLANTS (>5 MW)

## **ENABLER : PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS**

- MAINTENANCE ISSUES FOR SMALL GRID-CONNECTED PLANTS
  - ISOLATION POINTS
  - NOTICES
  - LIVE-LINE WORK
  - OPERATIONAL LIAISING



#### 300 63.5 63.5 60 40 73 23.5 147 100 23.5 6 300 13.4 **DISCONNECT PV** 20 13.4 **CUSTOMER'S SUPPLY** 20 147 13.4 FROM SESCO'S LV GRID 20 13.4 **BEFORE STARTING WORK** 20 13.4

**Caution Notice at Pillar Door** 

#### <u>Caution Notice at Disconnector Switch</u> (Isolator) Outside PV Customer's Premises



<u>Caution Notice Fixed at</u> <u>Feeder Inside Pillar</u>



# SELF-GENERATION vs GRID CONNECTED

- OIL-PALM MILLS AND TIMBER-BASED MILLS
  - GENERALLY GENERATION FOR OWN USE
    - NEAR GRID LINES, SESCO'S SUPPLY AS STANDBY
    - WIN-WIN SITUATION FOR ALL
      - SESCO DEFER PLANT-UP AND GENERATION MIX : NO NEW 30MW GAS PLANT-UP BUT 270 MW COAL PLANT-UP.
      - AVOID OPEN BURNING OR STORAGES OF SUCH WASTES (RESIDUES)
      - ENVIRONMENTAL FRIENDLY

# SELF-GENERATION vs GRID CONNECTED

**CURRENT SITUATION:** 

- •NEW MILLS NEAR GRID
  - ENCOURAGED TO CONSIDER SUPPLYING SURPLUS TO SESCO
    - INCORPORATE INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENT AT EARLY DESIGN STAGE
- BIOMASS / BIOGAS GRID-CONNECTED
  - SECURING FUEL SUPPLY
  - COMPETITVE USE OF FUEL SUPPLY
  - SYSTEM STUDIES UNDERTAKEN FOR INTERCONNECTION
  - PRICE AGREED WITH BUYER

## SMALL-RENEWABLE GENERATIONS DATA

SOURCES	No.	CAPACITY	REMARKS		
SOLAR-BIPV					
Commercial	1	15.5 kWp			
School / Training Institution	2	8.4 kWp	Grid-connected with net-metering		
Domestic	4	16.6 kWp			
TOTAL:	7	40.5 kWp			
<b>BIOMASS- OWN USE</b>					
Non-Grid Woodwastes	3	26,000 kW	Non-grid connected due to remote location		
Non-Grid Oil Palm EFB	3	14,000 kW	Non-grid connected due to remote location.		
Grid-Connected Woodwastes	7	43,000 kW	Grid-connected but SESCO supply for standby or to meet excess demand		
<b>BIOMASS – POWER SALE</b>					
Oil-Palm EFB	4	45,000 kW	Power sale to grid.		
TOTAL:	17	128,000 kW	26		