

Electricity Tariff Review in Peninsular Malaysia for Regulatory Period 2 (RP2: 2018-2020) under Incentive-Based Regulation (IBR) Mechanism

30th March 2018

Electricity Tariff Review under the IBR Mechanism for the 2nd Regulatory Period (RP2: 2018-2020)

Summary of key Government decisions on 13 Dec 2017:

- IBR implementation for regulatory period 2 (RP2) in the Peninsular effective on 1st January 2018 to 31st December 2020.
- ii. Maintain current tariff structure and schedule.
- iii. Consumers continue to receive reliable electricity supply along with more advanced infrastructure development initiatives and support programmes by TNB

Tariff structure and schedule remain unchanged as RP1

ELECTRICITY TARIFF SCHEDULE

(This tariff is effective from 1st January 2014 and supersedes the previous tariff schedule which was effective from 1st June 2011)

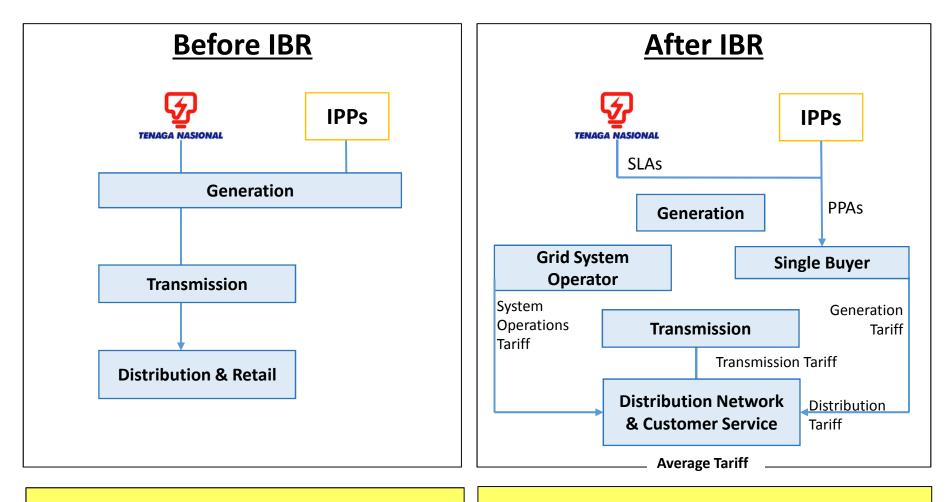
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Schedule 1 TNB tariff rates are set out as follows:-

Tariff Category	Unit	New Rates	
		(1 January 2014)	
1. Tariff A – Domestic Tariff			
For the first 200 kWh (1 - 200 kWh) per month For the next 100 kWh (201 – 300 kWh) per month For the next 300 kWh (301 – 600 kWh) per month For the next 300 kWh (601 – 900 kWh) per month For the next kWh (901 kWh onwards) per month <i>The Minimum Monthly Charge is</i>	seo/kWh seo/kWh seo/kWh seo/kWh seo/kWh	21.80 33.40 51.60 54.60 57.10 <i>3.00</i>	
2. Tariff B - Low Voltage Commercial Tariff For the first 200 kWh (1 -200 kWh) per month For the next kWh (201 kWh onwards) per month The Minimum Monthly Charge is	seo/kWh seo/kWh <i>RM</i>	43.50 50.90 <i>7.20</i>	
3. Tariff C1 - Medium Voltage General Commercial Tariff For each kilowatt of maximum demand per month For all kWh The Minimum Monthly Charge is	RM/kW sep/kWh <i>RM</i>	30.30 36.50 <i>600.00</i>	
4. Tariff C2 - Medium Voltage Peak/Off-Peak Commercial Tariff For each kilowatt of maximum demand per month during the peak period For all kWh during the peak period For all kWh during the off-peak period The Minimum Monthly Charge is	RM/kW sep/kWh sep/kWh <i>RM</i>	45.10 36.50 22.40 <i>600.00</i>	

Overview on the Incentive-based Regulation Mechanism

IBR is a mechanism for electricity tariff setting with incentives to improve efficiency of TNB and give greater transparency for customers



From non-transparency cost mechanism

To IBR that achieves transparency



Electricity tariff is made up of two components under IBR Framework Base Tariff and Imbalance Cost Pass-Through (ICPT)

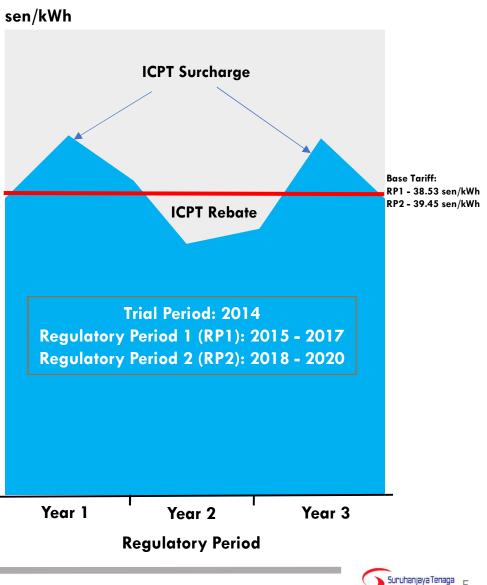
Base Tariff under IBR framework comprises of: Opex, Depreciation of Regulated Assets & Tax Expenses of Business Entities transmission, grid system operation, Single Buyer operation, distribution network and customer services

- Power purchase cost charged by generators to the Single Buyer (based on forecast base price of fuel)
- Return on regulated assets (rate base) of Business Entities

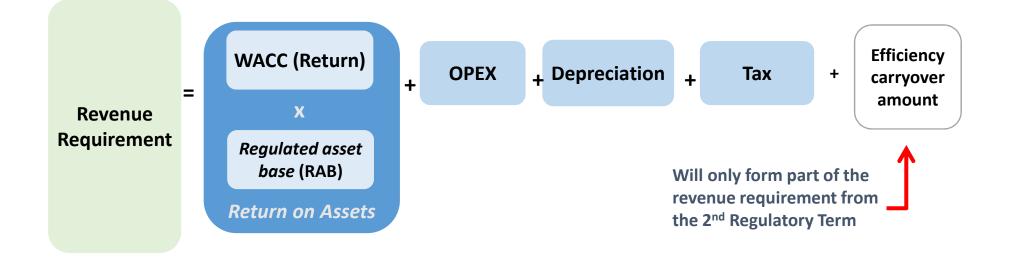
Imbalance Cost Pass-Through (ICPT):

Note: OPEX = Operational expenditure

 ICPT is 6-monthly pass-through of variations in uncontrollable fuel costs and other generation specific costs (imbalance cost) incurred by utility for the preceding 6-month period



Revenue Requirement Building Block Model Under the IBR Framework



Efficiency

- testing for efficiencies through benchmarking and trend analysis
- review of historical cost performance
- efficiency and prudency of asset management policies
- consistency with capex and sales forecast



IBR Mechanism has been

Successfully Implemented in the 1st Regulatory Period (2015-2017)

Key Features:

- Projected CAPEX and OPEX for setting of average base tariff at 38.53 sen/kWh
- Structured tariff regulatory process for overall efficiency enhancement
- Regulated return to TNB : WACC at 7.5%
- Imbalance Cost Pass-Through Mechanism (ICPT) for uncontrollable costs
- Performance targets with incentive/penalty mechanism by regulator

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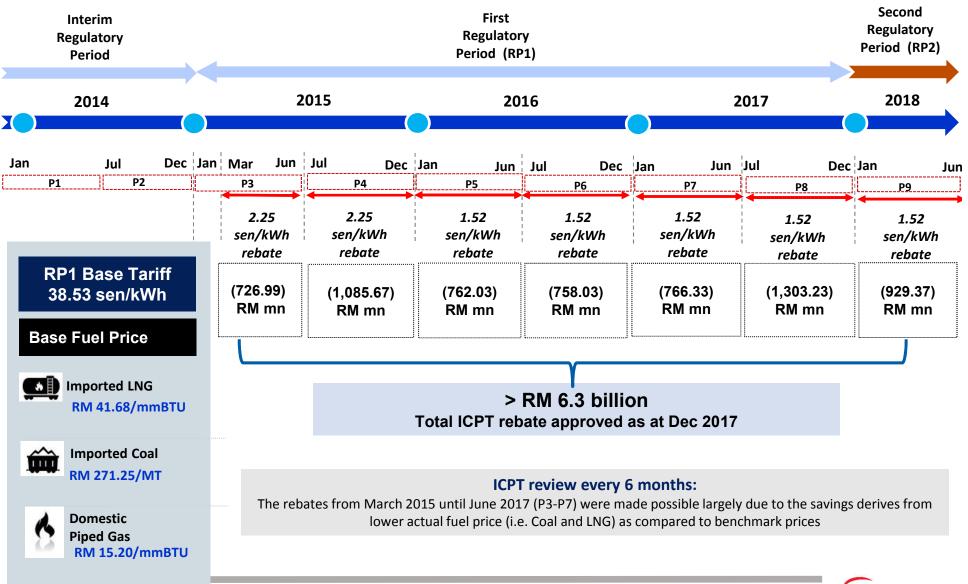
Enhancement Prior to Regulatory Period 2 (RP2: 2018-2020):

- 1. Benchmarking of transmission and distribution costs
- 2. Regulatory Account Audit from 2014-2017
- 3. Review of TNB's tariff proposal submission
- 4. Setting of new KPIs targets
- 5. Enhanced Regulatory Implementation Guidelines

Trial-run period 2014

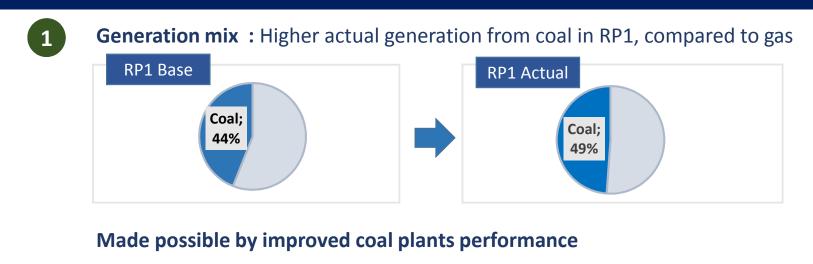
Regulatory Period 1 (RP1: 2015 – 2017)

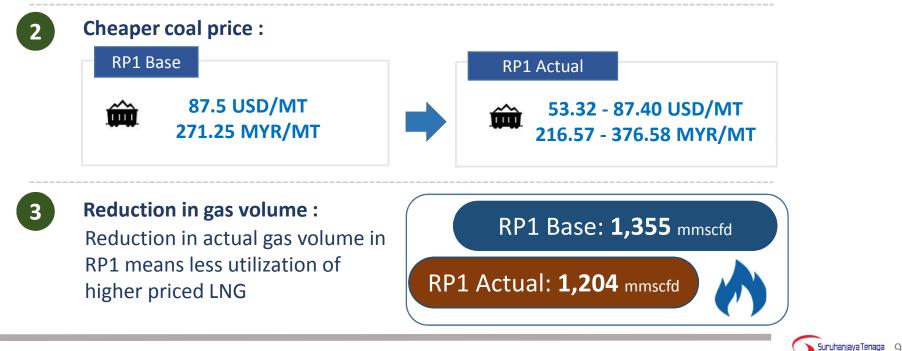
RP1: Total RM 6.3 bil of rebates and subsidies were passed-through to end-customers





Main factors allowing for rebates and subsidies of RM 6.3 bil





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Regulatory Period 1 (RP1: 2014-2017) Fuel Prices Trend under IBR Framework

Power Sector Coal Prices (USD/MT)



Note:

- 1 Forex or Exchange rate is: 1 USD to RM
- 2 Benchmark coal price is 12.43 RM/mmBTU (11.78 RM/GJ)

Source: Fuel Management, Single Buyer, TNB



Power Sector Coal Prices (RM/MT)

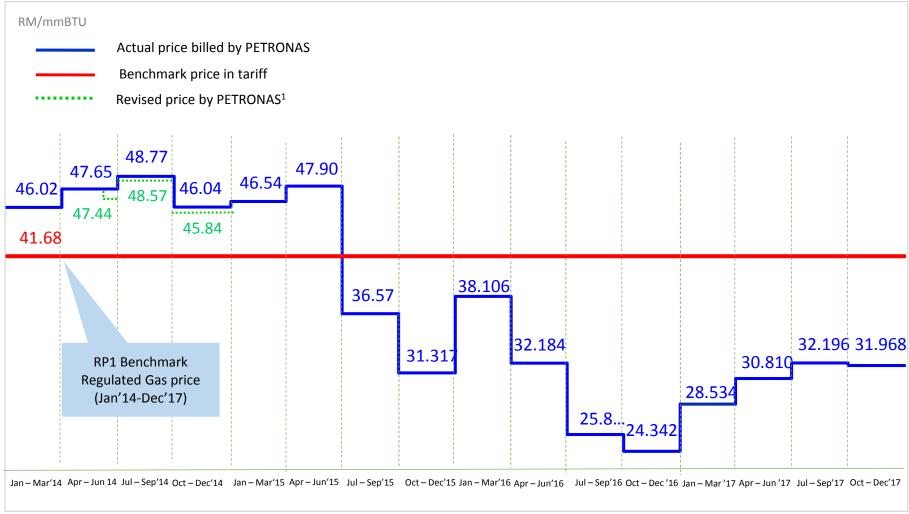


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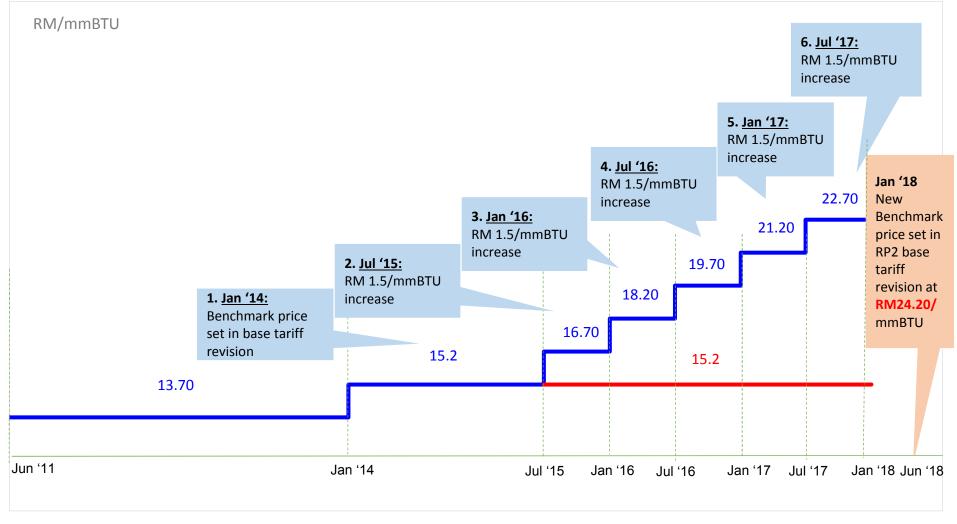


Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) Price to Power Sector (RM/mmBTU)

Source: PETRONAS



Regulated Piped Gas Price to Power Sector (RM/mmBTU)



Note:

1 - Prior to May '97, the Gas Price Formula for Power Sector = 1.04 x MFO Price

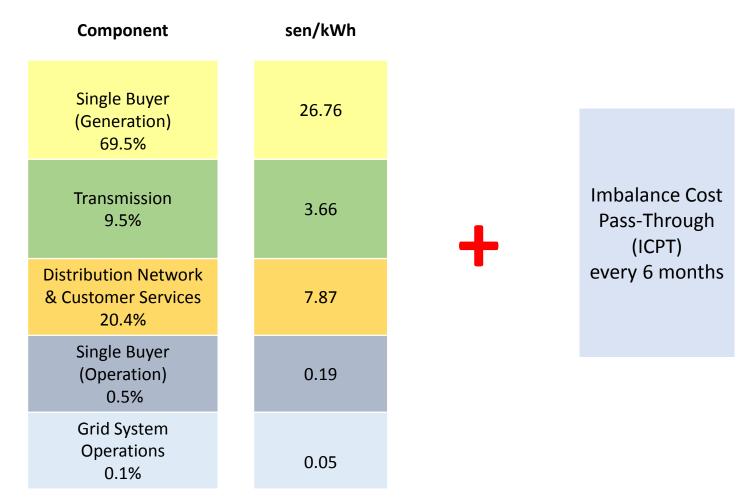
2 - From Jan 2014, the regulated gas price is only applicable for gas consumption ≤ 1,000 mmscfd. Consumption beyond this will be priced at LNG



RP1 (2015-2017) Performance under IBR Framework

RP1 ELECTRICITY TARIFF COST OF COMPONENTS UNDER IBR FRAMEWORK

Regulatory Period 1 (2015-2017)

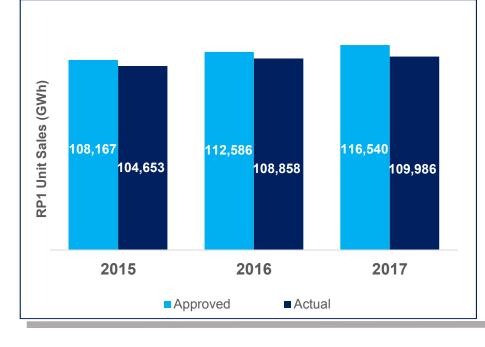


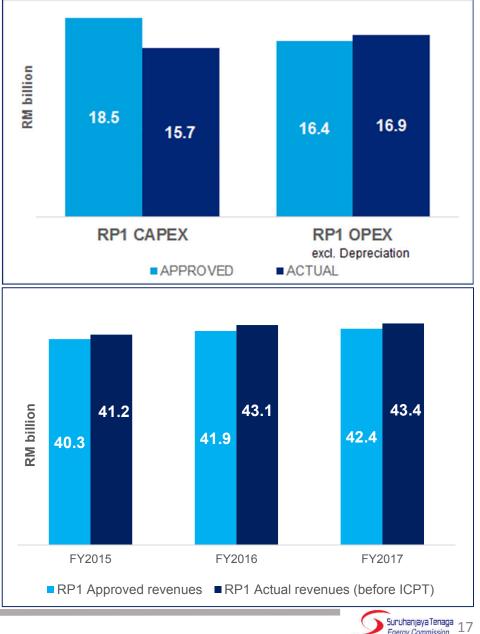


38.53 sen/kWh

TNB RP1 (2015-2017) Performance of IBR Framework

- ✓ Actual unit sales are below approved forecast levels
- Average profit for RP1 for regulated business \checkmark entities ~RM4.1 bil
- ✓ Actual CAPEX spent RM15.7 bil vs. approved at RM18.5 bil
- ✓ Actual OPEX spent RM16.9 bil vs. approved at RM16.4 bil
- System reliability with System Average Interruption \checkmark Duration Index (SAIDI) at 50.24 minutes /customer in FY2017

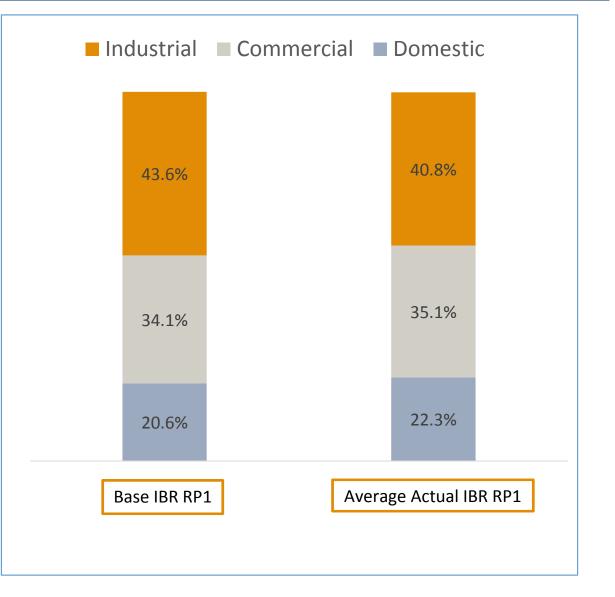




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Changes in Customer Mix (%) in RP1 (2015-2017)

- ✓ Customer growth from 7.9 mil (2012) to 8.5 mil (2017)
- ✓ Changes in consumer mix with revenue from commercial/ services sector
- ✓ Actual average selling price in RP1 was 39.45 sen/kWh vs. approved average base tariff at 38.53 sen/kWh





RP1 (2015-2017) Performance Indicators

Summary of TNB RP1 (2015-2017) Performance Indicators								
Business Entities	Code	Key Performance Indicator	Measuremen Dead Band (Neu		Performance FY2015	Performance FY2016	Performance FY2017	
Customer Services	CSPI 1	SAIDI	55 mis - 70 mii	ns	49.66 mins (I)	45.95 mins (I)	50.24 mins (I)	
	CSPI 2	Average of MSL Compliance Performance	84.11% - 94.11	.%	93.95% (N)	95.74% (I)	83.30% (P)	
	CSPI 3	Weighted Average GSL (3,4,and 5)	86.32% - 95.59	%	99.71% (I)	99.38% (I)	92.30% (N)	
	TXPI1	System Minutes	1.5 mins - 5.1 m	iins	0.77 mins (I)	1.30 mins (I)	0.23 mins (I)	
Transmission	TXPI2	System Availability	99.04% - 99.48%		99.73% (I)	99.76% (I)	99.79% (I)	
	ТХРІЗ	Project Delivery Index	0 month - 5.47 m	onth	-1.38 months (N)	-2.35 months (N)	1.68 months (N)	
	SBPI1	System Average Cost	0% - 5%		-2.50% (I)	-1.60% (I)	-0.20% (I)	
Single Buyer	SBPI2	Compliance to Timely Settlement of Generators' Invoices	99.55% - 99.85%		100% (I)	100% (I)	100% (I)	
(Operations)	SBP13	Non- Compliance to Malaysian Grid Code (MGC)	2 - 7 occurrence		0 occurrence (I)	0 occurrence (I)	0 occurrence (I)	
	SBPI4	Non- Compliance to Single Buyer Rules (SBR)	2 - 7 occurrence		4.5 occurrence (N)	5 occurrence (N)	5 occurrence (N)	
	SOPI1	Wide Area Loss of Supply Event	Less than 0 occurr	rence	0 occurrence	0 occurrence	0 occurrence	
	SOPI2.1	Security Limit Compliance: Voltage Limit Compliance (VLC)	90% - 96		nmary for FY 2017: 10 over 14 KPIs are in incentive band			
System Operator	SOPI3	Security Limit Compliance: Frequency Limit Compliance (FLC)	90% - 96	 3 KPIs in neutral band One KPI in the penalty scheme (Average of MSL 				
	SOPI2.3	Dispatch Adjustment	0.2% - 0.4		Compliance Performance)			
			· •					

Indicator: I = Incentive P = Penalty N = Neutral



Determination of Electricity Tariff for IBR Regulatory Period 2 (RP2: 2018-2020)

New Features in Electricity Tariff Review for RP2 (2018-2020)

More efficient and reliable electricity supply

- Efficient and reliable electricity supply at the lowest efficient cost;
- Enhancement in safety and reliability with smart grid capabilities.

Support Government's initiatives and aspirations

- Supporting Government's initiatives in green energy and sustainability for example AMI, Distribution Automation, Group Relamping of streetlight, etc.
- Continue the gas price subsidy rationalization by gradual removal of gas price subsidy;

New addition in Key Performance Indicators

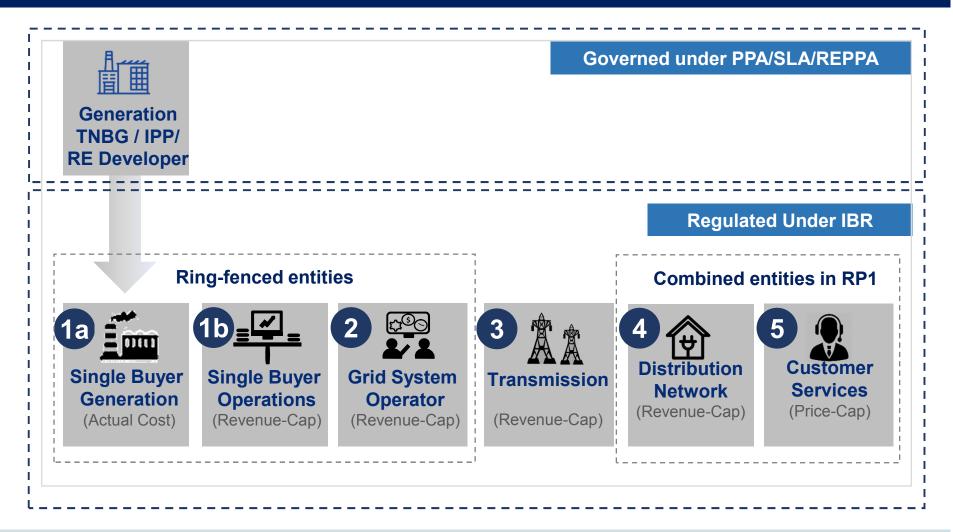
- New performance indicators on each business entity that are in line with Government's policies;
- Enhancement on KPI mechanisms and principles (symmetric and asymmetric).

Separation of Distribution Networks and Customer Services

- Separation of these business entities will enhance the system reliability and consumer experience;
- This will increase the productivity and consumer satisfaction.



RP2 (2018-2020) of Regulated Business Entities under the IBR Framework



For RP2, five regulated business entities will be operating under IBR framework with the separation of Distribution Network and Customer Services



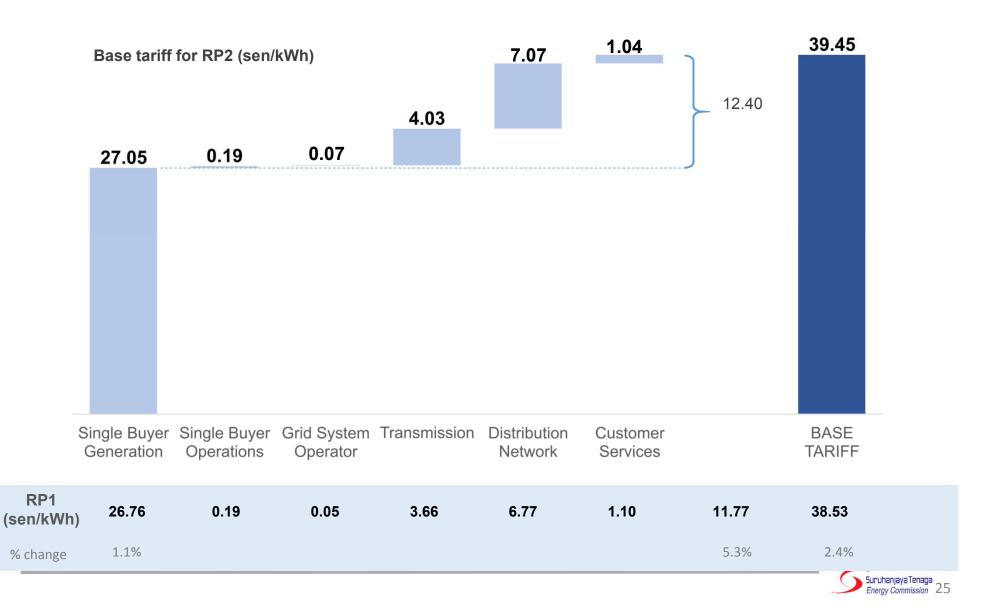
Determination of Regulatory Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) for RP2 (2018-2020)

	TNB Proposal			Final	
	Low	Medium	High	Decision	
		1			
After-tax cost of debt	4.1%	4.2%	4.3%	4.3%	
Cost of equity	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	10.9%	
Gearing	55%	55%	55%	55%	
WACC (after-tax)	7.4%	8.1%	8.8%	7.30%	

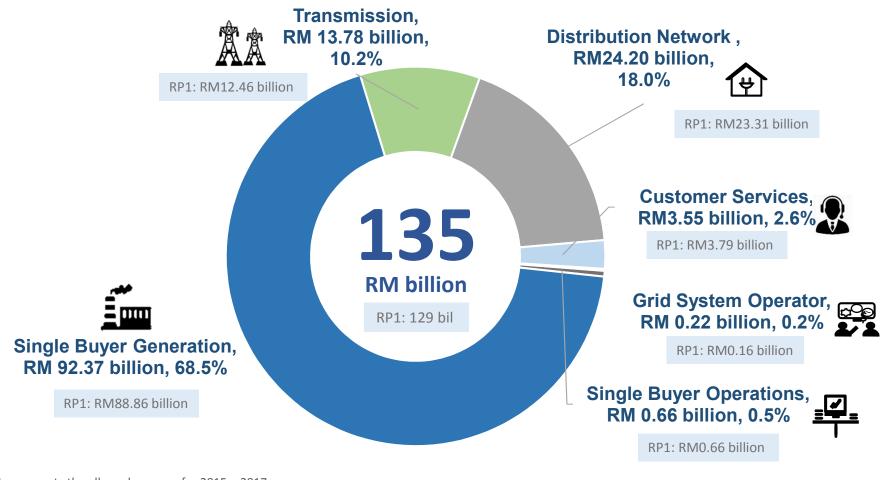
RP1: WACC is 7.5%



New Base Tariff under IBR mechanism RP2 (2018-2020) is 39.45 sen/kWh



RP2 (2018-2020) Allowed Revenue Requirement is RM135 billion



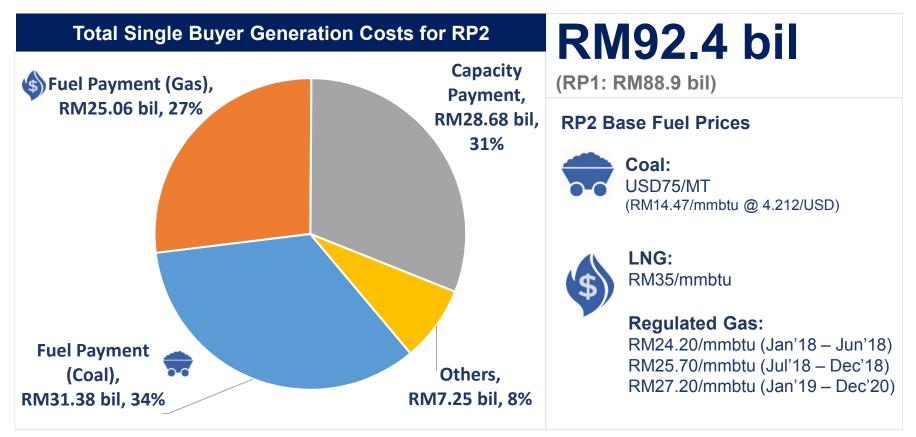
1- RP1 represents the allowed revenue for 2015 – 2017

2- The numbers for RP2 allowed revenues are levelised based on allowed return of 7.3%

69% of the total allowed revenue for RP2 is to account for Single Buyer Generation Cost



The levelised Single Buyer generation cost for RP2 is 27.05 sen/kWh. an increase of 1.08% (RP1: 26.76 sen/kWh)



Others include: VOR Payment, Hydro Energy Payment, Renewable Energy Displaced Cost under the FiT regime and Laos-Thailand-Malaysia Interconnection

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In summary, 3 major shifts in RP2 (2018-2020) contributes in a lower increase in the Single Buyer Generation Costs



Lower load growth (1.8 – 2.0%) and lower sales volume - less generation required to meet demand

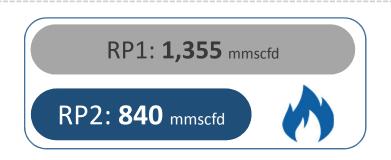


Coal will be the dominant fuel in the energy mix for RP2



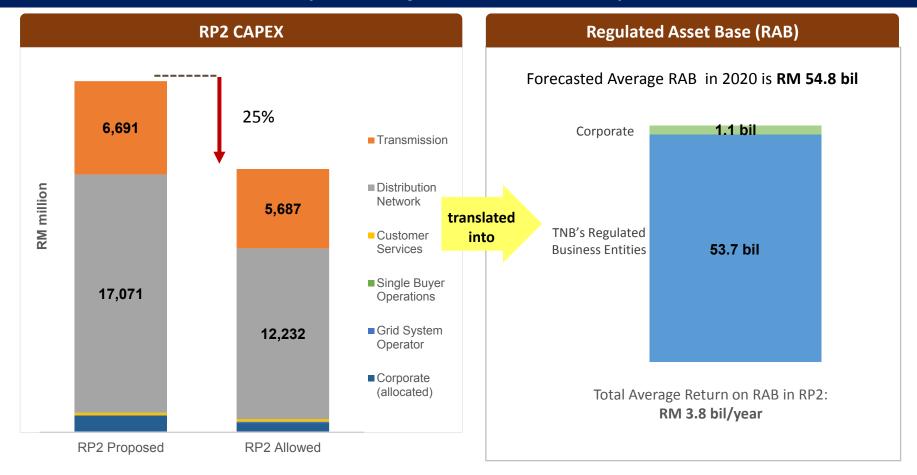


Significant **reduction in gas volume** means less utilization of LNG



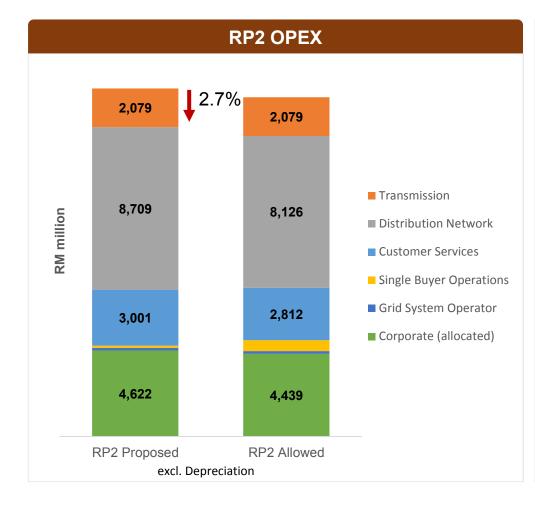


RP2 (2018-2020) Total Allowed CAPEX is RM 18.8 bil (RP2 Proposed: RM 25.1 bil)



- 85% deliverability adjustment is applied on all regulated business entities' overall CAPEX. The deliverability adjustment reflects historical under-delivery by TNB against approved RP1 CAPEX.
- Major Infrastructure development initiatives in RP2:
- i. Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) with the installation of 1.5 million smart meters starting with major urban areas of the Peninsular;
- ii. Fiber optic networks to ensure the reliability and safety of electrical supplies are assured; and
- iii. Installation of 367,000 LED street lights in major cities throughout the country to promote energy efficient practices.

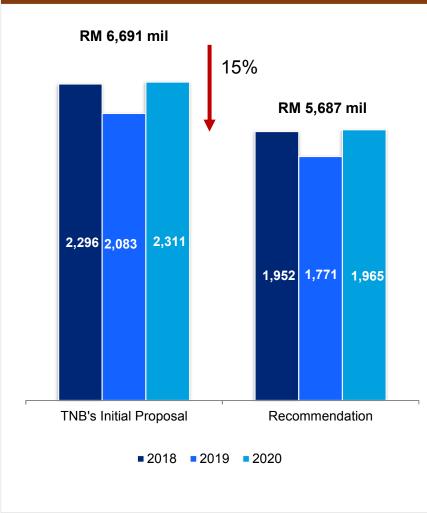
RP2(2018-2020) Total Allowed OPEX is RM 18.2 bil (RP2 Proposed: RM 18.7 bil)



- OPEX target productivity level for RP2 is 3.4%
- OPEX included in the RP2 base tariff is allocated for staff costs, repair and maintenance, other general expenses, working capital and interest on customer deposits.

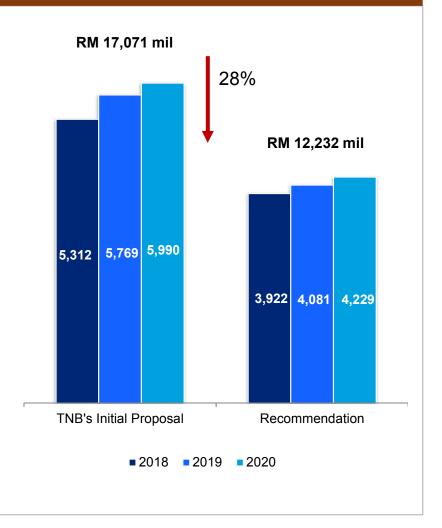


Review of Two Major RP2 (2018-2020) CAPEX



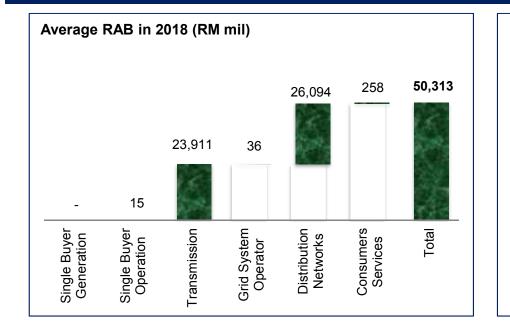
TRANSMISSION

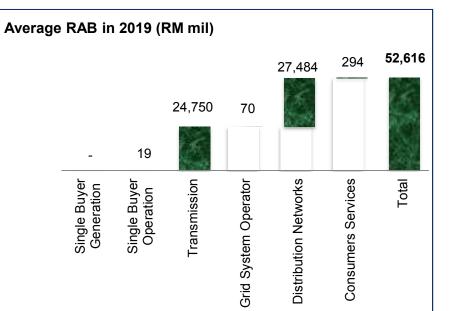
DISTRIBUTION NETWORK

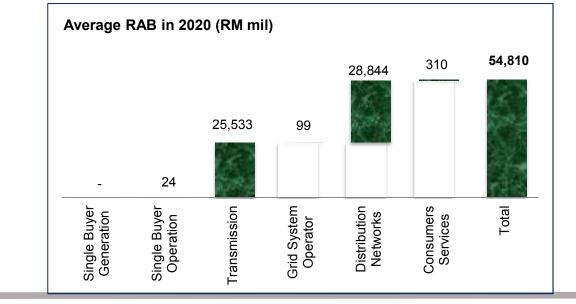


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RP2 Average Regulated Asset Base (RAB) (2018-2020)

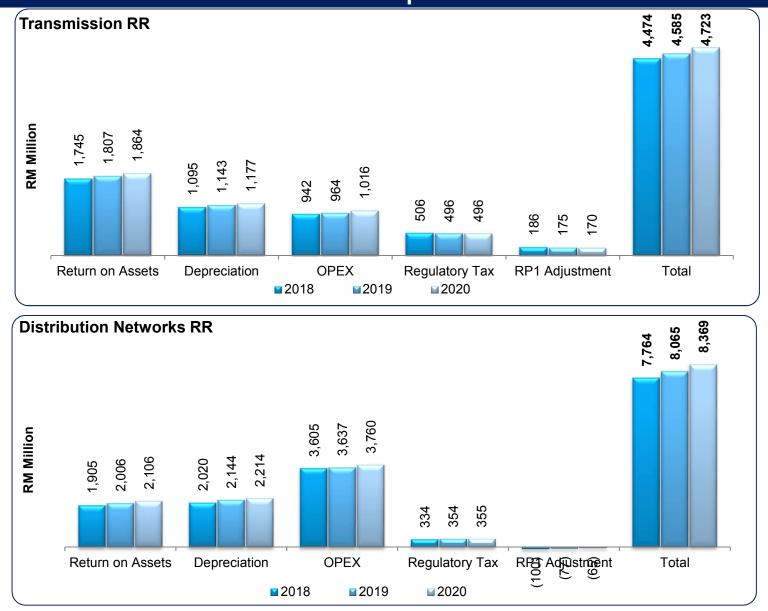






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RP2 (2018-2020) TNB's Regulated Business Entities Revenue Requirement

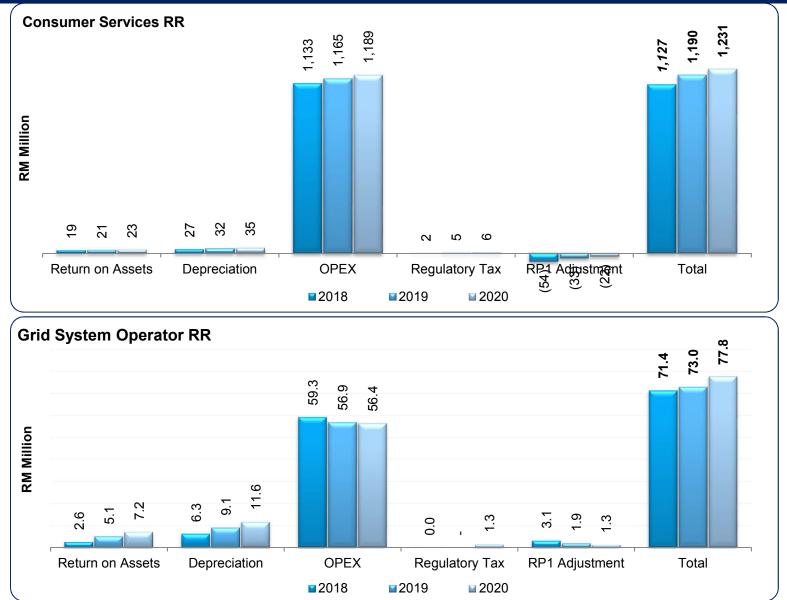


RP1 Adjustments inclusive: OPEX and CAPEX Efficiency Carryover Scheme & Revenue Cap Adjustments



RP2 (2018-2020) TNB's Regulated Business Entities

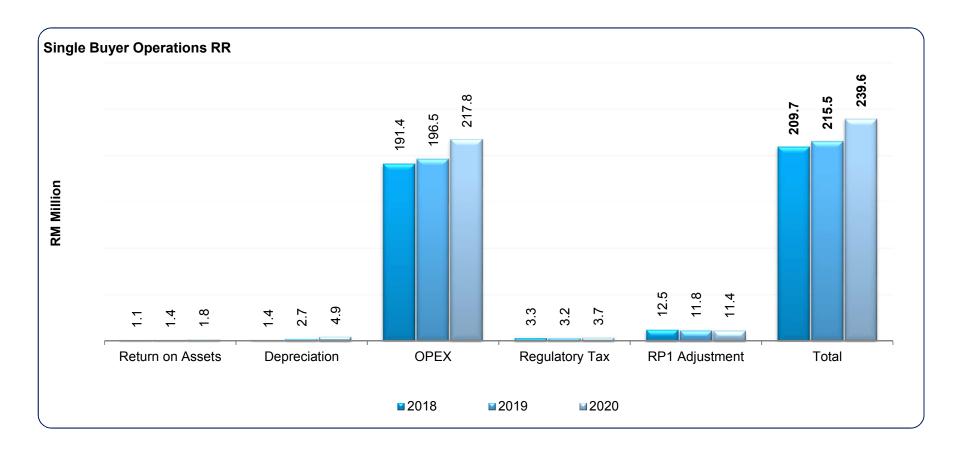
Revenue Requirement (RR)



RP1 Adjustments inclusive: OPEX and CAPEX Efficiency Carryover Scheme & Revenue Cap Adjustments



RP2 (2018-2020) TNB's Regulated Business Entities Revenue Requirement

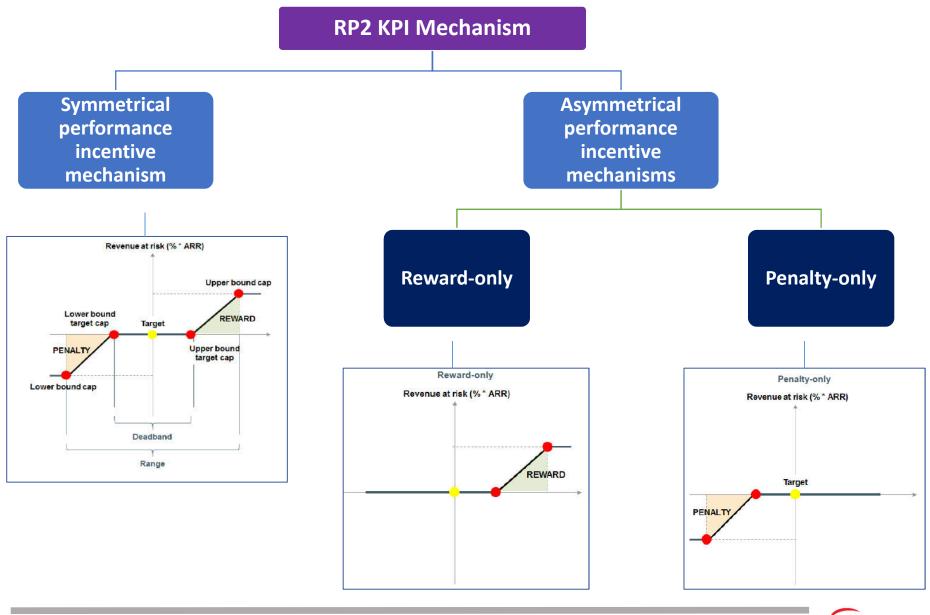


RP1 Adjustments inclusive: OPEX and CAPEX Efficiency Carryover Scheme & Revenue Cap Adjustments



RP2 (2018-2020) Proposed Performance Indicators

RP2 (2018-2020) KPI Mechanism and Principles



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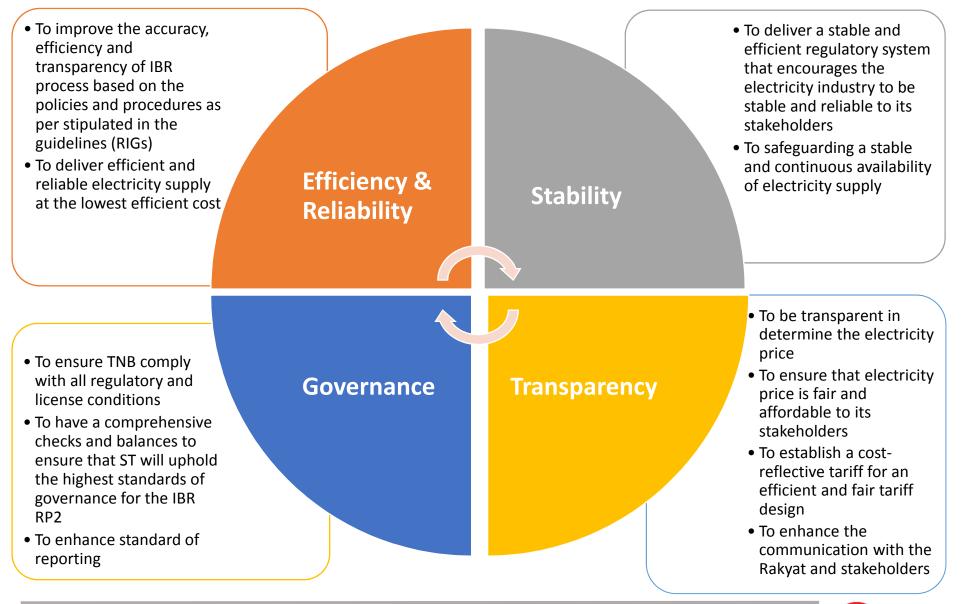
Summary of RP2 (2018-2020) Performance Indicators

Code	КРІ	Weight	Туре
CS	Customer Services		
CSPI1	Customer Satisfaction Index	33%	Symmetric
CSPI2	Average Renewable Energy Connection Time	33%	Symmetric
CSPI3	Customer Satisfaction Index on EE Programme	33%	Reward-only
CSPI4	Delivery of EE Programme	n/a	Monitor-only
DN	Distribution Network		
	SAIDI Urban		
DNPI1	a. Kuala Lumpur	10%	Penalty-only
	b. Shah Alam	10%	Penalty-only
	c. Johor Bharu	10%	Penalty-only
	d. Pulau Pinang	10%	Penalty-only
	e. Petaling Jaya	10%	Penalty-only
DNPI2	MSL 3B Compliance	50%	Symmetric
DNPI3	Lost Time Injury Frequency	n/a	Monitor-only
DNPI4	Special Projects Delivery Index	n/a	Monitor-only
ТХ	Transmission		
TXPI1	System Minutes Lost	33%	Penalty-only
TXPI2	System Availability	33%	Penalty-only
TXPI3	Project Delivery Index	33%	Symmetric
TXPI4	Lost Time Injury Frequency	n/a	Monitor-only
GSO	Grid System Operator		
SOPI1	Wide Area Loss of Supply Event	20%	Symmetric
SOPI2	Voltage Limit Compliance	20%	Symmetric
SOPI3	Frequency Limit Compliance	20%	Symmetric
SOPI4	Least Cost Operation	20%	Symmetric
SOPI5	System Minutes Lost	20%	Penalty-only
SB	Single Buyer (Operations)		
SBPI1	System Average Cost Deviation	n/a	Monitor-only
SBPI2	Load Forecast Accuracy	33%	Symmetric
SBP13	NEDA Cost Savings	33%	Reward-only
SBPI4	NEDA Participation	33%	Reward-only



Conclusion

Expectations for IBR Mechanism of RP2 (2018-2020) onwards





Approved Average Base Tariff In Adherence to Regulatory Governance And Enhanced IBR Mechanism

RP 1: 2015-2017 Reference Price: 38.53 sen/kWh Average Selling Price: 39.45 sen/kWh RP 2: 2018-2020

New Reference Price: 39.45 sen/kWh Key Features of IBR RP2:

- No change in the end user tariffs rates beginning on 1st January 2018 until Dec 2020
- 2. Regulated return to TNB : WACC reduced from 7.5% (RP1) to 7.3% (RP2)
- 3. New projected CAPEX and OPEX for setting of average base tariff
- 4. Continuity of the Imbalance Cost Pass-Through Mechanism (ICPT) for uncontrollable costs every 6 months
 - Closely monitoring of fuel prices and forex
- 5. Introduction of the revenue adjustment annually for the revenue cap price setting business entities
- 6. Enhanced target for efficiency improvements under new KPIs setting



TERIMA KASIH

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